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DESCRIPTIVE

CATALOGUE

OF

AMERICAN

GRAPE VINES

PRICE LIST

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS, ETC.

GEORGE S. JOSSELYN,

FREDONIA, N.Y.

COPYRIGHT, 1884, BY WM. C. SCRANTON, NEW YORK.
THE WONDERFUL NEW CURRANT
FAY'S PROLIFIC.
IT HAS NO EQUAL.
MENNING & STECHE, LITH. ROCHESTER, N.Y.
To My Friends and Customers.

My trade still continues to increase, every year showing a large increase over sales of preceding year. Thus it seems that customers are satisfied. I have the largest stock in the United States, and during the last season it averaged the best growth of any I ever saw. Our vines are graded large and will please you. Our stone cellars for grape vines are now largest and best arranged in the world, and we now have abundant inside storage capacity for freight and express boxes, so that our customers will not be obliged to pay large and needless extra charges on account of heavy water-soaked packages. As formerly, we charge nothing for boxing and packing. We winter all our vines in cellars and put roots in sand. Grape roots wintered in sand are worth about double for planting those stored without sand. We have a very large, competent and strong organization for our work. We have secured for propagating one hundred acres additional land. This one hundred acres has been used as a stock farm for about thirty years and, as the matter stands, the land we control for growing grape vines cannot be matched in this county. To those who have never dealt with me, I would like to send an order to show you what kind of stock I am selling, the way it is packed and how it is graded. With nearly every dealer having a standard of his own for grading or no standard at all, grading has become almost a farce, and I assert that my No. 2 stock is better than that generally sold as No. 1. If not over-nice, it is very easy and simple to put No. 1 labels on No. 2 vines, and there is a good deal of this kind of business being done. I am content with small margins of profit on orders, and expect this, and also to give full, generous returns for your money, but do not care for orders where the customer insists on equalizing my prices with dealers of doubtful reputation, who have perhaps neither business reputation nor qualification, nor few of the thousand and one expensive but essential conveniences and accommodations necessary to carry on a really first-class business in business-like ways. I suppose that it will be entirely unnecessary to argue that mine is the least costly method for you to buy vines and plants.

CARE OF STOCK RECEIVED FROM ME.

Should the stock appear frosty on its arrival, do not unpack, but cover it up in a cool cellar where the frost will come out very gradually. Remember it is not the freezing which hurts the plants, but rapid thawing with exposure to light, heat or air.

As soon as the ground will permit "heel in" the stock in some dry place, not too cold in Winter or warm in Spring or Autumn. The process of "heeling in" is to dig a trench large enough to hold the roots, then cover the roots with earth, and in winter the tops also of vines and plants with straw or leaves.

VINES AND PLANTS AT WHOLESALE.—Parties desiring to plant largely please send list of what you want, and I will quote prices.

GRAPE.

Plant Grapes in rows eight feet apart and from six to eight feet apart in the row, according to the variety being a strong or slow grower. Dig holes about ten inches deep and large enough so the roots may be spread out naturally—without one root crossing another. In dry days it is better not to have many holes dug ahead of the planting, as the earth will be moister if freshly dug. Put the finest and best earth at bottom of hole and among the roots, and the coarsest and poorest earth at top. While planting care must be taken that the roots do not become dry. To prevent this it is customary to carry them about the field in a bucket partly filled with water after roots have been shortened to ten or twelve inches in length and tops cut back to two or three buds. Always give good cultivation, and the first Autumn cut back to four or six buds and cover the vine with earth. Uncover in Spring, and after the buds start leave only the two best buds. Let two canes grow the second year; they will probably get to be some five or eight feet long; if so, cut one of them back to three buds, and the other to within four feet of the ground, to bear. This severe pruning in their early youth, together with good culture, will give them such a good send off that they will ever after remember to bear you bountiful crops of the luscious fruit. When five or six years old, from three to five canes may be left. Remember always to cut the old wood back to within one foot of the ground, if possible, as it is the young wood only that bears fruit. Grape Vines may be trained against buildings, fences, or on stakes, trellises, etc. Wire trellises, about five feet high, are best for vineyards.
DESCRIPTIVE LIST.

In this list I have endeavored to give a short description resulting from extended observations which will prove of some value to patrons. To praise a grape and insist that it is just about the grape for customers to invest in because it succeeds in one's own vineyard or to condemn it for reasons the reverse only demonstrate inability or unwillingness to see over one's own garden fence. There is no grape on this or any other list which thrives everywhere, neither do I know of one on this list which has not its friends.

AGAWAM (Rogers No. 15)—One of the most reliable of the best quality grapes. Bunches large, berries very large. Red. Ripens with or soon after Concord, and is of peculiar aromatic flavor.

ANTOINETTE (Miner's Seedling)—Large, white, strong growing, healthy and productive, and earlier than Concord, and of good quality.

ALLENS—Nearly white. Tender and delicate and early, with mild muscat flavor. Best quality, is liable to mildew and rot, but is worthy for amateur collections.

ALVEY—Black, small. A wine grape, but not of much value.

AMBER—Red. Bunch large, berry medium. Sweet, juicy and of fine flavor, hardy, vigorous and very productive. Exquisite table grape, also makes a good white wine. Rather late.


AMINIA (Rogers No. 30)—Productive, early, hardy. Black. Bunches large, healthy and compact. Very desirable for market or home use. One of the earliest good grapes.

ARNOLD'S HYBRIDS—

Othello (No. 1)—Bunch and berry very large. Black, and ripens with Delaware.

Cornucopia (No. 2)—Black, bunch large, berry above medium. Doubtless the best of Arnold's Hybrids.

Autuchon (No. 5)—Greenish white, bunches long, berry medium size, ripens with Delaware.

Brant (No. 8)—Resembles Clinton in appearance, but superior in flavor when fully ripe.

Canada (No. 16)—Resembles Brant in appearance. Like all of Arnold's Hybrids it is tender and unreliable in United States, and therefore none of them are very desirable.

AUGUST GIANT—Black. Bunches and berries very large and somewhat oblong. Tender, rich and fine. Ripens in August.

BACCHUS—Black. A seedling of Clinton, extremely hardy and vigorous. Table or wine grape. Productive. Bunch and berry medium, makes a fine dark red wine of great body.

BARRY (Rogers No. 43)—Black. Bunch very large. Berry large, sweet and delicious, a very attractive grape. Vine healthy, hardy, strong grower. Season earlier than Concord.

BEAUTY—Red, healthy, hardy, said to be better than Delaware.

BELINDA (Miner's Seedling)—White, strong grower and very hardy, large bunch and berry and in fruit resembles Pocklington, but ripens a week sooner.

BLACK DEFiance—Black. Bunch and berries large. Late, ripens with Catawba. Quality best.


BLACK EAGLE—Black. Bunch and berries large, moderately compact, ripens with Concord. Quality good.

BLACK PEARL—Somewhat like Clinton, black, vigorous, healthy and hardy.

BRIGHTON—Dark red. One of the most desirable of the new grapes. Very graceful and large. Clusters are more uniform than those of any other grape we know. Ripens with Hartford.

CARLOTTA (Miner's Seedling)—Small, but healthy and hardy. Very fine in flavor.
CATAWBA—Red. Well known. Late, of best quality, but does not succeed in all localities.


CHALLENGE—Pale red. Very early, sweet and juicy.

CHAMPION (or Talman)—For description see Talman.

CLINTON—Black. Desirable for wine or preserving. Bunch and berry small, very healthy and hardy.

CONCORD—The grape for the million. Bunch and berries large. Black. Fair quality. Early, but not earliest. Vine very healthy, hardy and productive. The most extensively planted and the most reliable grape in America to-day.

CONCORD MUSCAT—White, bunch long, berries very large, tender and high flavor.


COTTAGE—Similar to Concord, but earlier and rather better quality. Black, strong and vigorous.


CROTON—White, bunch long, berries medium, rather tender and weak grower.

CUNNINGHAM—Southern wine grape. Berries black, small. Vigorous, late.

CYNTHIANA—A Southern wine grape, similar to Norton's.

DELWARE—Ripens about with Concord. This is considered by many one of the best, if not the best, American grape. It does not succeed in all localities. Requires strong soil and good culture. Red, hardy, bunches and berries of medium size.

DIANA—Red. Ripens soon after Concord. Bunches medium and compact. Good grower, peculiar flavor, much liked by some and disliked by others.


DUTCHESS—Pale greenish yellow, tender, juicy, spicy, excellent quality and good keeper. Ripens soon after Concord.

EARLY DAWN—Black. Bunch and berry medium. Ripens before Hartford. Tender, sweet, rich and very good.

EARLY VICTOR—Black. Earlier and better than Concord. Is vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

EATON—Large, black, ripens with Concord, which it resembles in many respects, but I have seen the fruit much larger than Concord in bunch and berry.

EL DORADO—White, healthy, hardy, vigorous and productive. Ripens about with Concord, or a little before.

ELSINBURG—Black. Early. Of fine quality. Is subject to mildew.

ELVIRA—Of more value South than at the North. White, late, very vigorous and productive, bunch and berry medium and very compact. One of the best white wine grapes at the South.

EMPIRE STATE—White, of best quality, very early, vigorous and hardy, and is a good keeper.

ESSEX (Rogers No. 41)—Black, bunch medium, size of berry very large. Tender, sweet, early, healthy and productive.

ESTHER—White. Ripens a few days earlier than Concord. Larger than Niagara or Pocklington. Very showy and fine quality.

ETTA—White. Said to be an improvement on Elvira, but is later.

EUMELAN—Black, of best quality for table or wine. Generally a poor grower and not desirable for extensive planting, but valuable for amateur culture.

FAITH—One of the best Taylor seedlings, vigorous and productive, white, juicy, sweet and early.
FRANCIS B. HAYES—White, pure native, very early, very hardy and prolific. Ripens seven to ten days before Concord.

GÄRTNER (Rogers No. 14)—Red. Bunch and berry medium, early, healthy and excellent.

GOETHE (Rogers No. 1)—Bunch large and rather loose. Berries very large, pale red. This grape, as compared with other Rogers Hybrids, has more individual characteristics of its own than any other. Excellent for table or for wine. Ripens with Catawba.

GOLDEN DROP—Resembles Delaware in fruit, and said to be a good grower and very prolific.

GREEN'S GOLDEN—Light red. Tender, juicy and sweet. Is later than Concord, and desirable for table or market.

HARTFORD—Black. Bunch and berry large. Sweet. Earlier than Concord. Strong grower, healthy, hardy and very productive. Should be picked when ripe, or berries will drop off the stem.

HERBEMONT—Southern wine grape, bunches large, berries small. Excellent in the South. Black, late at the North, and requires protection.

HERBERT (Rogers No. 44)—Black, sweet, tender, early and productive. One of the best of the Rogers.

HEDMANN—Black. Wine grape, a seedling of Norton’s, bunch long, berry small, ripens a few days later than Norton’s.

HIGHLAND—Black, a strong grower, bunch and berry very large and handsome. Ripens with Catawba.

IONA—Red. A fine grape of excellent quality. Ripens between Concord and Catawba. Is subject to mildew in many localities, and is not reliable for general vineyard culture.

IRVING—White, rather late, strong, healthy and hardy.

IMPERIAL—A white seedling from Iona. Vigorous, late, hardy, and of best quality.

ISABELLA—Black. Late. A well-known old variety, vigorous, not entirely hardy.

ISRAELLA—Black, late, and not very valuable.

IVES—Black, strong grower, productive, succeeds everywhere except in extreme North.

JANESVILLE—Early, vigorous, strong grower, black, hardy and productive.

JEFFERSON—Red. One of the best red grapes, a good grower, hardy and productive. Ripens about with Concord.

JESSICA—White, one of the earliest, fine quality.

JEWELL—Black, hardy and healthy, quality good. Is as early as Concord.

LADY—White, very early, bunch and berry large, is healthy, hardy, productive, and of good quality.

LADY WASHINGTON—White. Vigorous and rapid grower. Bunch large to very large. flesh soft, sweet, tender, and very good. Ripens soon after Concord.

LINDELEY (Rogers No. 9)—Red. Everything desirable as to quality for table or wine. Is a strong grower, healthy and hardy. Should be in every garden, and is desirable for extensive planting.

LOUISIANA—Black. Without pulp, sweet, and quality best. Ripens late, and requires winter protection.


MARTHA—White. Best known and most popular of the old white grapes. Sweet, quality better than Concord, fair grower, healthy and hardy.

MARY—Claimed to be similar to Catawba, but earlier. Some claim it is identical with Lindley. I have not fruited it, but offer it at same price as Lindley.

MASSASOT (Rogers No. 3)—Red. Bunch and berries large. Without pulp, tender, sweet. Season same as Hartford, vigorous, healthy, hardy, productive, good quality. Is the earliest of the Rogers Hybrids.

MAXATOWN—Pale yellow, sweet and delicious. Best quality for table and wine. Ripens with Catawba. Healthy, hardy and vigorous.
EMPIRE STATE.
MERRIMAC (Rogers No. 19)—Black. Bunch and berry very large. Medium early, quality good, vigorous and productive.

MILLS—Black, vigorous and healthy. Ripens about with Concord. Bunch and berries very large, quality excellent.

MISSOURI RIESLING—A white wine grape, very hardy, healthy and productive. Ripens about ten days after Concord.

MONROE—Black. Bunches medium to large. Ripens with Hartford, and is a nice table grape. Berries large.

MONTFIORE—Red wine grape, black, bunch and berry small to medium, valuable, and ripens a few days after Concord.

MONTGOMERY—White, fine in quality, but does not often succeed well, and is not valuable.

MOORE'S DIAMOND—White. Bunch and berries large, healthy, strong grower, hardy, and, where known, is very popular, quality excellent. This new grape has evidently come to stay. Ripens with Delaware.

MOORE'S EARLY—Black and very valuable. Two to three weeks earlier than Concord. Bunch large, berries larger than Concord. It has taken first prize at Massachusetts Horticultural Society for many years. Should be in every garden.

MOYER—Red. Resembles Delaware in appearance, vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive, very early.

NAOMI—Green. A very fine table grape, but not very healthy.

NIAGARA—White, quality about like Concord. Bunch and berry large, vigorous, productive, healthy and hardy.

NOAH—White, healthy, vigorous, and very productive, highly recommended for table and wine. Late.

NORFOLK MUSCAT—Good sized bunch, medium berry, color like Catawba, decided Muscat flavor. Ripens before Concord.

NORTHERN MUSCADINE—Red, early, sweet, but foxy, vigorous, hardy, productive, free from rot.

NORTON'S—Black, bunch long, berry small, ripens late, vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

NORWOOD—In color resembles Concord, but berries and clusters are larger, vigorous and hardy, good keeper and very promising. Is earlier than Concord.

ONEIDA—Red, healthy and hardy, and of good quality.

ORIENTAL—Resembles Catawba in flavor and color, but much larger in bunch and berry, and much earlier. Vigorous and hardy.

PEARL—Pale yellow. Bunch large, berry medium. Ripens soon after Hartford, and is a promising variety both for table and wine.

PERKINS—Pale red, bunch and berries medium, ripens between Hartford and Concord, is vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

POCKLINGTON—White. Very large and showy. Vine very hardy and vigorous. Bunch and berry large, ripens about with Concord. Quality better than Concord.

POUGHKEEPSIE RED—Is somewhat like Delaware in color and taste, but is larger in bunch and berry. Ripens with Hartford.

PRENTISS—Yellowish green. Bunch large, berry medium to large. Tender, sweet, melting and juicy. Hardy and best keeper, but a very weak grower. Ripens with Concord.

QUASSIA—Black. Sweet, juicy and rich. Healthy and productive, and medium early.

REBECCA—One of the best quality of any of the white grapes. Vine not vigorous. Bunch and berry medium, very desirable for home use and market in favorable localities.

ROCHESTER—Dark purple. Ripens usually first week in September, bunch and berry large, sweet, rich and aromatic.

ROCKWOOD—Black. Ripens with Moore's Early. Large size, healthy, hardy, prolific and delicious in quality.
ROGERS No. 2—Nearly black, bunch and berry very large, flesh tender, but ripens late.

ROGERS No. 5—One of the best of the Rogers, bunch medium, berry large, round, red, sweet and rich, hardy and healthy. Ripens early.

ROGERS No. 8—Pale red, strong grower, hardy and productive, ripens late.

ROGERS No. 13—Red. Berry large, bunch medium, good in quality.

ROGERS No. 30—Light red. Bunch and berry very large, flavor very fine, vigorous and healthy.

ROGERS No. 33—Black. Bunch and berries large, tender, sweet, early and good.

ROGERS No. 34—Black. Bunch and berries large. Early, good.

ROGERS No. 36—Black. Early, good and vigorous.

ROGERS No. 39—Black. One of the earliest, quality fine.

REQUA (Rogers No. 28)—Red. Bunch large, berry medium. Tolerably vigorous, early and productive. Sweet and good.

SALEM (Rogers No. 32 or 53)—Red. Bunch and berry very large. Healthy, hardy and vigorous. Early, good keeper, best quality for table or wine.

SECRETARY—Black. Medium early, best in quality, vigorous and hardy. Is inclined to mildew.

SENASQUA—Black. Bunch and berry medium to large, bunch very compact, quality best. Vine healthy, but not entirely hardy.

TALMAN or CHAMPION—Black. Bunch of medium size, berry large, very vigorous and productive. One of the earliest grapes, quality similar to Hartford, not of best quality, but very desirable on account of its early ripening.

TELEGRAPH—Black. Ripens about with Hartford, bunch above medium, very compact and extremely attractive. Berry medium, very vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

TOKALON—Black. Bunch medium to large, vine vigorous, healthy and hardy, quality excellent. Early, but shy bearer.

TRANSPARENT—Greenish yellow. Sweet, and of fine flavor, and promises to be a wine grape of excellence.

TRIUMPH—White. Bunch and berry very large, about as late as Catawba, quality good. Succeeds well in the South.

UHLAND—Greenish yellow. Rather delicate. Very sweet and fine flavor, and ripens a few days after Concord.

ULSTER PROLIFIC—Red. Early, of good quality, and very productive.

VERGENNES—Red. Bunch and berries large, flavor rich, very early and good keeper, and is a very promising grape.

VICTORIA (Miner's)—About the best white grape I ever tasted. White, good grower, hardy and prolific.

WALTER—Red. Bunch and berry medium, fruit of very best quality, subject to mildew in some localities. Early and moderately vigorous.

WAVERLY—Black. Very vigorous, hardy, healthy and productive.

WILDER (Rogers No. 4)—Black. Bunch and berries large, early, hardy, healthy and productive, good keeper, profitable and excellent quality.

WILDING—Pale green. Ripens with Concord, vigorous, hardy and healthy.

WORDENS—Black. Bunch and berry large, fruit similar to Concord, but earlier and larger. Vine vigorous grower, healthy, hardy and productive. Is becoming very popular.

WODDRUFF RED—Very large and handsome. Color red. Strong grower, very healthy and hardy. If not of very best quality, I have seen the fruit eaten and pronounced delicious by several good judges.

WYOMING RED—One of the earliest red grapes. Bunch and berry rather small, vine healthy, hardy, and moderately vigorous, sweet and desirable.
STRAWBERRIES.

Most varieties are good in the right place and under the proper circumstances. Soil, climate, culture, market, etc., all have their influence, and must be considered. There are some varieties which do well in various soils. If to be cultivated with horse labor, plant in rows three and one-half to four feet apart and one foot in the row, but for hand culture, one by two feet will do. Keep them free from weeds through the summer, and cover them in early winter with spent tanbark, sawdust, potato tops, evergreen boughs, etc. Do not put it on thick enough to smother the plants, but simply to protect them from sudden and severe changes of temperature and repeated freezing and thawing. This will keep them from heaving through the winter, should the ground be of a wetish nature; it also makes them more fruitful, so that good, paying crops may be grown of the choice but less productive sorts. With very prolific sorts, like Wilson’s, etc., grown on very light, dry soils, this mulching is sometimes not desirable, as they are apt to set more fruit than they are able to mature. Coarse mulch has to be removed in spring, but fine material may be left on to keep the ground moist.

Note—Those marked (P) are pistillate, “have blossom imperfect,” and should have a row of staminate variety within fifteen feet or they will produce imperfect blossoms and fruit.

BELMONT—Large, oblong, rich, dark color, and very fragrant. This variety took First Prize of a Silver Cup for best four quarts of berries, also First Prize of $12.00 for largest number of points of excellence over any other best berry at Exhibition of Massachusetts Horticultural Society at Boston, June, 1886. It is very productive and good grower.

BIDWELL—Large, productive. Enormous bearer, of true strawberry flavor, and propagates itself rapidly.

BIG BOB (P)—One of the largest, a rank grower.

BUBACH’S No. 5 (P)—Berry large and uniform, very vigorous and very productive, almost as early as the Crescent.

CAPT. JACK—Very strong grower, very productive, needs strong, rich, moist ground to carry crop on.

CHAS. DOWNING—A favorite variety for home use and market. Every one growing strawberries should give it a trial.

CRAWFORD—Large. A luxuriant grower, is firm, of good quality and good shipper.

CRESCENT SEEDLING (P)—Very productive, good size and quality, enormous grower and bearer.

CRYSTAL CITY (P)—One of the very earliest, very vigorous and crops well, but berries rather small, a fine variety for home but not for market.

CUMBERLAND TRIUMPH—A beautiful fruit, large, size regular, good quality, productive, light-red in color.

JAMES VICK—Vigorous, very firm, in productiveness equalled by no other variety, no white tips or coxcombs.

JERSEY QUEEN (P)—Late, large, fine, vigorous, moderate bearer.

JESSIE—Berry very large, very productive, good in color and quality, firm. This new strawberry seems to have a host of friends.

JEWELL (P)—Large and very productive, of good color, firm, of good quality.

KENTUCKY—One of the latest and best of the late varieties, very desirable for home use and home market.

MANCHESTER (P)—One of the most valuable. As compared with the Wilson it is one and one-half times the size, of much better flavor, far more attractive, plant is much larger and more vigorous, yield is one-half more, carries fruit higher from the ground.

MAY KING—Much resembles Crescent, but has a perfect blossom. Is rather larger than Crescent, and firmer.

MINER’S PROLIFIC—Larger and darker than Downing. Excellent in quality and flavor.
OLD IRON CLAD—Resemblance Sharpless, rank grower, very productive.

PARRY—Large and fine in appearance, good in quality, and very prolific.

SHARPNESS—Doubtless the most celebrated variety, and we think justly so. Fruit and foliage are immense, berries are irregular in shape. No one who plants strawberries should fail to give these a trial.

WILSON—The popular market variety. The berry for the million, on account of its reliability and productiveness. It bears the same relation to other strawberries that the Concord does to other grapes.

WONDERFUL or WINDSOR CHIEF (P)—Very prolific and productive. Of good size and firm.

RASPBERRIES.

Plant raspberries in rows six to seven feet apart and two and one-half to three feet apart in the row, and from two to five inches deep, according to the nature of the soil. Prune canes back to one and one-half or two feet from the ground, one year after planting. When new growth gets to be about two feet high, the second season, pinch the tip ends off, and when the laterals have grown a foot long, pinch again. This makes them stocky. In spring follow-up, prune to a round-headed bush, clipping off about one-third of the wood. In this way fine crops of large fruit may be grown and the vigor of the bushes kept up. On sucker sorts, leave only four or five canes to the hill. All others must be hoed off same as weeds. In small gardens the plants may be planted three by four feet apart and the canes tied up to stakes. The canes should not be pinched until three feet high.

BLACK CAPS.

DOOLITTLE—A standard variety, valuable and desirable for home use, market or drying.

GREGG—The largest and latest of all, very strong grower, valuable, hardy and profitable.

MAMMOTH CLUSTER—A standard variety in many localities, large and late but is now superseded by the Gregg.

OHIO—Very early and productive.

SHAFFER’S CULLOSSAL—Late, purple. Said to be “Largest in the World.”

SOUHEGAN—Extremely early. Said to be “Iron-clad.”

TYLER—One of the earliest. Promises well.

RED RASPBERRIES.

CLARK—Very large berries, of best quality for home use, but too soft for market. Not quite hardy.

CRIMSON BEAUTY—One of the earliest. Promises well.

CUTHBERT—One of the most popular late varieties. Hardy, very large and productive. Bush a strong grower. Very desirable for home use and market.

EARLY PROLIFIC—Similar to Philadelphia, but a week earlier, very vigorous and productive.

FRANCONIA—Large size, productive, brings high price in market.

HANSELL—Firm, fair size, fine color. One of the earliest.

HIGHLAND HARDY—One of the earliest, vigorous, productive, desirable for home use and market.

MARLBOROUGH—Strong grower and very productive. Is believed to be earliest and best.

PHILADELPHIA—A standard variety, enormously productive, berries of good size, very hardy, very strong grower. Does not sucker much.

RANOCAS—Extra early, and is said to ripen before the Black Caps.

RELIANCE—Seedling of and similar to Philadelphia, but berries are much larger and later. Valuable for home use or market.

TURNER—Vigorous, productive, early and hardy.
CURRANTS.

Should be planted in rows five or six feet apart and three feet in the row, and some six inches deep. In small gardens they may be put only three by four feet apart. They do not need much pruning until they get to be five or six years old, when some of the oldest canes should be cut out annually to keep the bushes open.

BLACK CHAMPION—Black. The largest of the black currants. Is new here, but much known and valued in England.

BLACK NAPLES—The best old black variety.

CHERRY—Red. The largest of all, except Fay’s Prolific. Very popular in market, and brings several cents more per quart than any other old variety. Although others may say that Cherry and La Versailles are one and the same, we have both varieties pure and distinct, each with its peculiar characteristics.

FAY’S PROLIFIC—This new currant has greatly exceeded all expectations of the proprietor of this establishment, who is the introducer of Fay’s Prolific, and who is often almost blamed by those of the trade who assert that we never claimed nearly enough for it. It is so good and succeeds so well in so many localities that not only the introducer, but also the heirs of the originator, have received quite a fortune from sales of the plants. That all other varieties of red currants have been superseded by Fay’s Prolific seems to be a fact, and the constant increase in demand for the plants is best evidence of this. I have already paid the estate of Lincoln Fay, the originator, over thirty-thousand dollars in cash as their share from my sales of Fay’s Prolific, and have much pride in the fact that this is about the very first instance where the originator has received anything like a decent compensation from the sales of a good new fruit. Our original claim and description was:

Color, red. As compared with the Cherry Currant, “Fay’s Prolific” is equal in size, better in flavor, much less acid and five times as prolific, and from its peculiar stem less expensive to pick.

That spurious Fay plants have been sold doubtless by the million is not the fault of the introducer.

LA VERSAILLES—Red, almost as large as Cherry, and very prolific.

LEE’S PROLIFIC—Black.

RED DUTCH—Very productive, good quality.

VICTORIA—The latest red currant, and is of good quality.

WHITE DUTCH—Large, sweet, fine flavor.

WHITE GRAPE—Fine quality, large and productive.

BLACKBERRIES.

The blackberry is naturally a stronger bush than the raspberry, and should be planted in rows eight feet apart and three feet in the row. They should also not be pinched until three and one-half feet high, nor should they be so closely pruned in spring, otherwise their culture is the same. Where land is scarce, they may be planted three by five feet apart and tied up to stakes.

EARLY CLUSTER—Vigorous, said to be hardy. Is very productive, medium to large size and of best quality.

EARLY HARVEST—Earliest, hardy, very prolific.

ERIE—Large, productive, vigorous, good quality and perfectly hardy.

KITTATINNY—Large, good, not quite hardy.

MINNEWASKI—Great bearer of large berries, quality good and is said to be hardy.
Snyder—Entirely hardy, very prolific, early, sweet, and can be relied on for a crop every year.

Taylor's Prolific—Seems to be entirely hardy with us, fruit large, strong, very productive and good quality.

Wilson's Early—Very large, early and good. Rather tender at the North.

Wilson, Jr.—A seedling from Wilson, is larger, earlier, and more productive than its parent.

Dewberry.

Lucretia—Large, very productive and attractive, fine quality and flavor. Very early and seems very hardy.

Gooseberries.

The culture of Gooseberries should be nearly the same as for Currants.

Downing's—Large, best for home use and market. Pale-green in color.

Houghton Seedling—Medium size, pale-red, quite sweet, and enormously productive with us.

Industry—I have never met a man yet who has planted this gooseberry and succeeded with it. It mildews here badly if it does not die before the mildew arrives. I consider this gooseberry a failure.

Mountain—in many particulars, it resembles Houghton but is decidedly an improvement on Houghton.

Smith's Improved—Large, pale-yellow, excellent quality, moderately vigorous. Very productive.

Triumph—Color, yellow. Fruit of enormous size. Great productiveness.

This Catalogue is intended for those who desire really No. 1 grades of vines, plants, etc., and at the same time at very low prices, lower than first-class stock can be sold for except by this method. Instead of making my Catalogue lengthy, I have made it a matter of considerable study to have about as few pages as possible, and at the same time say all really necessary on the subject. I hope that my friends will thus more easily find the information they desire. By making a few pages, I enormously reduce cost of printing, etc., and thereby put more value in every package of vines and plants sent to my customers, and I hope you will see this as strong a point as I do. I know you like the worth of your money in stock and packing rather than in voluminous catalogues, which customers surely pay for either in high prices for plants or in low grades of stock.

My business is strictly confined to Grape Vines and Small Fruit Plants, and any man of business will readily see that in making a specialty of this kind of stock I am better prepared to please customers than if I had other "irons in the fire." When I send a customer stock I confidently expect to send him more when he needs it, and thousands of patrons yearly send me kind words, which lighten many a day's hard labor.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

NOW offer as Introducer the New Seedlings Esther (white) and Rockwood (black), both originated by Mr. E. W. Bull of Concord, Mass. As most nurserymen and vineyardists are aware, Mr. Bull was the originator of the CONCORD GRAPE. And now the man, who, in originating the Concord did more for the grape interests of America than all the rest of mankind in America ever did, has put these new grapes in my hands, and I feel confident that they have come to stay. Both are pure natives, not a drop of foreign blood, no element of weakness in either, and are of the Concord family. The stock of each is not plenty yet. Below are descriptions of both.

ESHER.

Ripens a few days earlier than Concord. Berry rather larger than Niagara or Pocklington, very handsome and showy. The New England Homestead says, "At the Bay State Fair at Springfield, Mass., the Niagara, Pocklington and Esther were shown, all of which were notable for their size and perfection of development. Especially is this true of the new Esther, which has the largest berry of the three and a lusciousness of quality not common to the others. This grape was pronounced by Prof. Agassiz to be as handsome as Chasselas and better in quality than that grape."

ROCKWOOD.

Ripens with Moore's Early, is prolific, and Mr. Bull says, "holds its quality and beauty longer than any other black grape I am acquainted with." The New England Homestead says, "The Rockwood is of magnificent size, deep black with a deep and beautiful heavy bloom. The ripest were melting, of a rich, sweet, vinous flavor exceedingly pleasant. Some berries not thoroughly ripe were comparatively tough and sour, but in twenty-four hours were quite as nice as the others, indicating good market qualities. It is a superb grape and superior to many kinds forced upon the public by shrewd advertising." (The late) Marshall P. Wilder thought the Rockwood "richer, sweeter and more highly flavored than the Concord."

GEO. S. JOSSELYN,
Fredonia, N. Y.
CONDENSED PRICE LIST

FOR SPRING OF 1895.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN, FREDONIA, N. Y.

TO MY CUSTOMERS:

I claim the largest stock of Grape Vines in the world and facilities for conducting this business equally by no other firm. Inspection of my stock, conveniences for doing this business, etc., will be conclusive to you that what I say is true. We store our Grape Vines in winter in cellars for winter shipment by mail or express, or by freight after March 1st. No orders for less than $5.00 sent C. O. D. I do not substitute. I guarantee safe arrival, in good condition, of vines and plants by mail. Our Grape Vines by mail are really No. 1 vines.

Some nurserymen send small vines by mail and admit it. Many others mail small vines and don't admit it. The vines and plants we send by mail are of our very best.

Terms cash with order, by New York draft or post-office order, or express order on Fredonia, N. Y., which is also a foreign Money Order P. O. Registered letters at my risk. Please do not fail to plainly give name, Post-office, County, State, and when ordering give shipping directions if you wish goods sent by special route. I will accept postage stamps, 1 and 2 cent, to amount of $5.00, other denominations to amount of $1.00.

Please note that there is no charge for boxing or packing anything on this list.

Each variety is carefully labeled, and packing done in best manner.

Purchasers wishing plants sent C. O. D. will please enclose one-quarter the amount of bill with order. Those sending individual checks will please enclose 25 cents extra for exchange, for amounts less than $50.00.

Should any stock not prove true to name, I will either refund the purchase money of same, or replace the stock with stock true to name free, and while I am exercising great care to prevent mixtures, the above is to be a condition on which all stock is delivered, and I am not to be held liable for damages in addition to above amount.

One-year No. 2 vines, two-thirds the rate of No. 1. Two-years No. 1½ vines, half way between prices of two-years No. 1 and one-year No. 1. Three-years No. 1, one-half additional to the price of two-years. I reserve the right, unless otherwise directed, to fill orders for one-year stock with two-years stock of same size. Also orders for two-years stock with one-year stock, of size ordered.

If you wish a large quantity of stock and will send me list, stating kinds, quantities, age and grade required, I will send you special prices.

I do not grow or sell Trees, but give my whole attention to Grape Vines and Fruit Plants.

As better selections can be made from our list, we advise our customers that for various reasons the following varieties of Grape Vines are least desirable, viz.: Allen's, August Giant, Alvey, Amber Queen, Arnold's, Black Defiance, Concord Chasselas, Concord Muscat, Centennial, Challenge, Conqueror, Early Dawn, El Dorado, Elsinburg, Faith, Grein's Golden, Isabella, Irving, Imperial, Maxatawney, Miner's Seedlings (except Victoria), Naomi, Noah, Norfolk, Norwood. Oneida, Oriental, Prentiss, Quassaic, Rochester, Rogers' Nos. 2, 5, 8, 13, 30, 33, 34, 36, Secretary, Senasqua, Tokalon, Transparent, Uhland, Walter, Waverly, Wilding.
GRAPE VINES.

By mail, post paid, at single or ten rates. Five or more, post paid, at ten rates; 100, if not more than ten kinds, at 100 rates, by Freight or Express; 50 or more of a kind at 100 rates. Orders amounting to $8.00 or more at 100 rates by Freight or Express. I do not pay Freight or Express charges.

We mail and express our vines and plants to every State and Territory; also to England, Scotland, Germany, France, Holland, Belgium, Brazil, India, New Zealand, West Indies, etc. Our packing is not excelled.

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### GRAPE VINES.

#### FIRST CLASS VINES.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Description</th>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>NORTON'S—Black, wine grape</td>
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<tr>
<td>PERKINS—Red, early</td>
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<tr>
<td>POCKLINGTON—White, valuable, early</td>
<td>.08</td>
<td>.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRENTISS—White</td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>1.20</td>
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<tr>
<td>ROCKWOOD—Black, early, large</td>
<td>.50</td>
<td>4.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>ROGERS' Nos. 5, 14, 28</td>
<td>.20</td>
<td>1.80</td>
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<tr>
<td>SALEM—Red, early, good</td>
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<td>.70</td>
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<tr>
<td>TRIUMPH—Late, white</td>
<td>.60</td>
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<tr>
<td>ULLER PROLIFIC—Red, very prolific</td>
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<tr>
<td>VICTORIA—Miner's seedling—White, best quality</td>
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<td>3.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>VERGENNES—Red, early, rich</td>
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<td>.80</td>
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<tr>
<td>WILDER (Rogers')—Black, early, good</td>
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<tr>
<td>WOODRUFF RED—Red, good</td>
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<td>2.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>WORDEN'S—Black, very early, good</td>
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<td>.80</td>
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<tr>
<td>WYOMING RED—Red, very early, sweet</td>
<td>.12</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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### SMALL FRUITS.

By mail, postage paid here, at single and ten rates. Five or more at ten rates postage paid here. 50 of one variety at 100 rates. 100 of not more than five different kinds at 100 rates. Orders amounting to $5.00 or more at 100 rates. These offers at 100 rates are to go by Freight or Express which charges are to be paid by the customer. If you wish Gooseberries, Blackberries, Currants and Raspberries sent by mail at 100 rates, please add for postage, 20 cents per fifty or 35 cents per 100.

### GOOSEBERRIES.

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<th>Description</th>
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<td>DOWNINGS, 1 year—No. 1………$1.20</td>
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<td>SMITH'S IMP'D, 1 year—No. 1 1.50</td>
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<td>—2 years No. 1 ……3.00</td>
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By Mail, Post Pd. By Mail, Post Pd. Exp. or Freight. | By Mail, Post Pd. By Mail, Post Pd. Exp. or Freight. |  |
| RED JACKET, 1 year, No. 1……………Each, $0.50 | $4.00 | $25.00 |  |
| "" 2 years, No. 1………" 75 | $6.00 | $35.00 |  |

I am the introducer of this new Gooseberry and have strong faith that it will supply the long-felt need of a large, red, first class gooseberry which can be grown and fruited in America, and that it will prove as much of a grand success as the Fay Currant (which I introduced about 12 years since), in which case I shall be entirely satisfied.
**CURRANTS.**

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<td>FAY'S PROLIFIC, 3 years No. 1, one-half price added to two-years.</td>
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<td>FAY'S PROLIFIC, (good plants) one-year No. 2, at two-thirds the price of one-year No. 1.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Although it is often stated that originators of new fruits never get much benefit for their productions, it is safe to say here that in this respect the success of Fay's Prolific is unparalleled, as up to this date I have paid to the heirs of the originator over forty thousand dollars in cash as their share from my sales of Fay Currant plants. This is now the leading currant, and its best recommendation is its enormous sale, constantly increasing. My stock of Fays is and always has been propagated from wood from the original stock on the Fay Farm. I sell more of them than all other varieties combined, although I try to grow what I can sell of all kinds. After growing Fays in a small way, numerous extensive fruit growers are now buying them in large lots to occupy the land formerly used for the old varieties of currants, and evidently prefer to get their plants from the introducer, as millions of spurious Fays have been sold.

**BLACK RASPBERRIES.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each. Per 10. Per 100.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Doolittle, Gregg, Ohio, Souhegan, Tyler</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shafer's Colossal (Purple)</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>COLUMBIAN, New (Purple)</td>
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**RED RASPBERRIES.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>By Mail, Fru't Post Paid.</th>
<th>Fru't Post Paid.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 Year No. 1 Per 10. Per 100.</td>
<td>2 Years No. 1 Per 10. Per 100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUTHBERT, MARLBORO, PHILADELPHIA</td>
<td>.30</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOLDEN QUEEN (Yellow)</td>
<td>.40</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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</tbody>
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**BLACKBERRIES.**

*Root Cutting No. 1 Plants.*

We consider Sucker Blackberry plants worthless. We do not sell ours but put them on the brush pile.

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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>1 Year No. 1 Per 10. Per 100.</td>
<td>2 Years No. 1 Per 10. Per 100.</td>
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<tr>
<td>KITTATINNY, WILSON'S EARLY, EARLY HARVEST, STONE'S HARDY, TAYLOR'S PROLIFIC, EARLY CLUSTER, LUCRETIA Dbewerry</td>
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<td>1.75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Snyder</td>
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<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilson, Jr., Erie</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>2.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnewaski</td>
<td>.90</td>
<td>4.00</td>
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</tbody>
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**STRAWBERRIES.**

By mail, postage paid here, at 10 rates. By express or freight at 100 or 1000 rates. 5 of one kind at 10 rates, postage paid here. 50 of one kind at 100 rates, 400 of not more than four varieties, at 1000 rates. These offers at 100 and 1000 rates are to be paid by freignt or express, which charges are to be paid by the customer. If you wish Strawberries sent by mail at 100 rates, please add for postage, 25 cents per 100.

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>By Mail, Fru't Post Paid.</th>
<th>Fru't Post Paid.</th>
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<td></td>
<td>1 Year No. 1 Per 10. Per 100.</td>
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<tr>
<td>BEMONT, RIDEWELL, BIG BOB. BUBACHS No. 5, CRAWFORD</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHARLES DOWNING, CUMBERLAND TRIUMPH</td>
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<td>.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>JESSIE, KENTUCKY</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>3.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>JAMES VICK, LADY RUSK, MANCHESTER</td>
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<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAY KING, MIDDLEFIELD, MINER'S PROLIFIC</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OLD IRONCLAD, PARRY, SHARPLESS</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>3.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>WINDSOR CHIEF, WARFIELD</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>3.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>WILSON, CRESCENT, CAPT. JACk</td>
<td>.30</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLOUD, JERSEY QUEEN, MICHIE'S EARLY</td>
<td>.40</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PARKER EARLE</td>
<td>.40</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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"Nothing Succeeds Like Success."

Our past Fall and Winter business has been the largest and most satisfactory we ever handled. Collections were never better, which goes to show that we have a first-class list of customers. As to our financial success, we refer to Dun's or Bradstreet's Commercial Registers.
As large as the largest, berry smooth; very prolific and hardy; quality and foliage the best. For seven years it has stood close to Industry, Triumph, Crown Bob, White Smith, Smith's Improved, Downing, and a dozen other (English) sorts, and while all these have mildewed more or less in leaf and fruit, mildew has never yet appeared on Red Jacket. We need this gooseberry, which can be grown in our own country, to take the place of Industry, which mildews so much that neither plants nor fruit can be grown except occasionally in a very few localities in America, which is the reason why most Industry plants are imported from England by our nurserymen.
The Highest Recommended New Fruit in America.
(See Testimonials Inside.)
THE UNRIVALLED AMERICAN ANTI-MILDEW

RED JACKET GOOSEBERRY

A Magnificent Success—It Has No Rival.

A MULTITUDE OF REPORTS ON THE FRUITING, VIGOR, HEALTH AND GROWTH OF THE PLANTS

WHEN we introduced this new Gooseberry, it was with entire confidence that it possessed the best foliage, and was the most vigorous in growth, of any Gooseberry in America; also that it was a great cropper and fruit of very best quality. Although a pure native American (no English blood), it required time to get reports from other states where it was being tested. The next most important question to be decided was whether it would in other localities be afflicted with that curse, MILDEW, which in America affects not only all English Gooseberries, but all tainted with English blood. We knew it was all right as to MILDEW in our State, but we are agreeably surprised to hear so much good from such a wide extent of territory. Our plants fruited this year, and the fruit readily sold at the rate of $700 per thousand plants.

The markets are groaning for want of Gooseberries. But few are to be had because fruit-growers wasted their time and money on the Industry and other kinds containing English blood.

Some varieties of English Gooseberries can perhaps be fruited in America providing they are faithfully and properly sprayed before the mildew takes effect. With American fruit-growers this idea is theoretical but not practical, as not one in one thousand fruit-growers would care to go to the bother, labor and expense of spraying, consequently they will plant the Red Jacket, which does not mildew, and therefore does not need spraying.

The reports we have speak for themselves, and show that the Red Jacket might have appropriately been named the MILDEW PROOF, or ANTI-MILDEW GOOSEBERRY. We have herein room for only a few of these reports, but have them by the hundred. We have a fair stock of Red Jacket plants, and these plants will all be wanted.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.

It affords me pleasure to be able to say that Red Jacket is proving all and more than you and I hoped. Strong grower, quite free from mildew or any other sign of fungus, bushes have made two feet or more growth. The big branches make Red Jacket very easy to pick, just the reverse of Downing in this respect. Sufficiently late to make a good succession to earlier varieties and making much longer season—T. H. Hoskins, Newport, Vt. (the most eminent Horticulturist in Vermont).

Red Jacket has performed well, is entirely free from mildew and very vigorous in growth.—B. G. Smith (Treasurer of American Pomological Society), Cambridge, Mass.

The Red Jacket is grand, large berry, no mildew, big bearer.—Aaron Rhodes (the most successful fruit grower on the Hudson River), Highland, N. Y.

The Red Jacket plants have borne abundantly of large, nice fruit, such as we do not see in Rochester markets; is entirely free from mildew.—O. J. Weeks, West Webster, N. Y.

I believe the Red Jacket to be the only variety that is free from mildew, and therefore the only one that pays to plant in the Northwest. The fruit is At vigorous, stocky grower and very productive.—A. Clark Tuttle, Baraboo, Wis.

I have endeavored to ascertain the merits of the Red Jacket in three different States that I visit, and it is universally reported to me as the very best in size, quality of fruit, health of plant and general value and no account of mildew.—Homer Shepard, Somerville, N. J.

Red Jacket from you is entirely free from mildew. Fruit as large as the largest English sorts and superior, and plants strong growers. Am fruiting nine sorts of English Gooseberries, including Industry. All more or less mildew and plants are poor growers.—Hiram Bowhall, Painesville, Ohio.

I find Red Jacket a very promising variety, fruit of large size and good quality. Have fruited it two seasons and it has not shown a trace of mildew.—D. M. Moore, Ogden, Utah.

We find the Red Jacket to be all that you have claimed for it, and we are much pleased with it.—P. M. Augur's Sons, Middlefield, Conn.

I am glad to be able to report that Red Jacket is unusually vigorous in growth and exceptionally free from mildew, as compared with Industry, Triumph and other noted kinds. As I sold my nursery last season, am unable to speak of its fruiting qualities—William C. Strong, Waban, Mass.
I think you have "struck it" on Red Jacket. They certainly did well with me, and my others made red. I think I shall always have Gooseberries, and fine ones too, after this.—J. S. Baker, Peebles, N. Y.

I planted Red Jacket in the Spring of 1892. They fruited this year, and I never saw anything in the way of "Red Jacket" I ever knew which equals it. I have almost every kind of Gooseberry, but am going to discard all other kinds and plant Red Jacket, as this is the best Gooseberry. It is perfectly free from mildew, very large, fine fruit, strong grower.—Herman Fesenfeld, Black Bear, Wis.

The Red Jacket has proved with me a most excellent berry, vigorous grower, heavy bearer and free from mildew. Fruit large and of good flavor. In my opinion, the most profitable Gooseberry yet introduced.—Martin Pfaffman, Wollaston, Mass.

Our experience with Red Jacket so far is very favorable, and we think it much superior to Industry, being free from mildew. We think it a very valuable acquisition on that account alone.—E. W. Reid, Bridgeport, Ohio.

I think Red Jacket the winning Gooseberry. Mine stand close to some Industry, but Red Jacket are much more vigorous and healthy than that variety.—Henry Steinfort, Watertown, Wis.

The Red Jacket plants you sent me have made a good, healthy growth, and fine, large berries were yielded to me. I am favorably impressed with the variety, especially because of its fine healthy growth.—W. J. Green, Ohio Experimental Station, Wooster, Ohio.

The Red Jacket received from you has now fully recovered from the unprecedented wet Spring and Summer of 1892, and is making a vigorous and healthy growth, entirely free from mildew.—T. T. Lyon, Michigan Agricultural Experimental Station.

The Red Jacket has made a vigorous growth without a sign of mildew. The fruit this year we consider of the best quality, and we have seven kinds of Gooseberries.—Augustine Lane, Springfield, Vt.

Red Jacket is certainly the Queen of Gooseberries. Perfectly hardy, vigorous, fruit of excellent quality, and absolutely free from mildew. I unhesitatingly recommend it to all.—W. S. Hall, Ithaca, N. Y.

The Red Jacket is a No. 1 grower and good bearer. The fruit is large and does not mildew.—Phil. Struber, Naperville, Ills.

The Red Jacket have given me the best possible satisfaction. They have continued to grow the entire season and yielded a large quantity of fruit superior to anything else on my grounds. We have watched them closely and fail to find any trace of mildew, either on fruit or foliage. Shall dig up my Industry, which is practically worthless with us, as it mildews so much it will neither grow nor fruit.—C. L. Longsdorf, Flora Dale, Pa.

We admire the Red Jacket for its healthy, persistent and vigorous growth from mildew. It is a good grower, fruit is handsome and good.—Edwin Allen, New Brunswick, N. J.

As to the Red Jacket, in the first place, they do not mildew. In the second place, they are the most truly grower. And in the third place, they are the best Gooseberry I ever saw.—J. P. Troxel, New Springfield, Ohio.

The Red Jacket plants are making a clean, healthy growth and show no evidence of mildew. This is a remarkable fact that they will pass through our trying climate without injury from mildew.—C. M. Parry, Parry, N. J.

Red Jacket has done finely. Yesterday we picked the first berries, as large, if not larger, than some of the red. It is healthy and grows well.—J. H. Ingalla, Lexington, Mass.

I congratulate you for furnishing such a large, fruitful and healthy Gooseberry to your patrons as the Red Jacket. With me it is thrifty, bears a large quantity of fruit of excellent flavor of my various kinds of Gooseberries, and does not mould or mildew like the Downing.—J. J. Southwick, Darby, Montana.

The Red Jacket does remarkably well with me—plant judges Chamblis, Quilt (no mildew), fruit of good color and flavor.—J. J. Toole, Payette, Idaho.

The Red Jacket is the best growing Gooseberry I have of any sort, clear of all ailments. I had Red Jacket fruit this year, but of any other kinds.—John Styrdy, Vinland, Kans.

The Red Jacket that I received from you have done well. Every one lived and made a strong growth. The fruit this year exceeded our expectations, no mildew or indications of mildew.—C. A. Sweet, President Third National Bank, Buffalo, N. Y.

My Red Jacket fruit this year. Fruit is first-class. Very free and were very thrifty and entirely free from mildew.—Joseph S. Chase, Malden, Mass.

This year the Red Jacket bore some fine berries. No signs of mildew, a good grower, holding its foliage and fruit excellent. We want to plant them extensively the coming spring.—H. E. Moon, Portland, Ind.

I have found the Red Jacket very healthy. A strong grower and abundant bearer.—Wm. Mos¬grove, Chamblis, Ontario, Ont.

I am very much pleased with the appearance and quality of Red Jacket Gooseberry. It seems to be almost entirely free from the characters that distinguish the English type of gooseberry and this is well done through a wide range of climate—W. A. Taylor, Asst. Pomologist, U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.

The Red Jacket standing side by side with a number of imported varieties of gooseberries, surpasses them in vigor and hardiness.—Jas. H. Gregory, Seedman, etc., Marblehead, Mass.

The Red Jacket Gooseberry plants from you have made fine growth, much better than the industry, they being the latter nearly all dead last winter.—C. C. Rittenhouse, Hastings, Neb.

The Red Jacket is alive to the tip and no protection through our hard winter with ground frozen five feet deep. It fruits heavy, no mildew, best gooseberry seen yet.—H. D. Alexander, Charlotte, Vt.

Our Red Jacket plants have shown great vigor, no mildew.—Holman & Bente.—Leavenworth, Kans.

The Red Jacket with me has not mildewed. I live on the bank of the Columbia, about thirteen miles from Vancouver, and the location is very subject to mildew, and if the Red Jacket would mildew, I dare say it would have shown itself here this year and last year.—G. Murhard, Fishers, Wash.

The Red Jacket has done well with me, no signs of mildew and the quality of the fruit is first-class.—Peter Collier, Adrian, Mich.

The Red Jacket from you have borne full crop this year of good size, flavor equals it. I have the best and entirely free from mildew. Foliage fresh and green, August growth starting vigorously now having lasted the past winter extremely cold and summer a trying one on plants of all kinds.—C. Perry, Beaver Dam, Wis.
Red Jacket has not fruited with me yet, the foliage, however, has shown no signs of mildew.-R. W. Bell, Santa Rosa, Cal.

The Red Jacket Gooseberry is certainly a great acquisition, being very prolific and a great bearer. It will come to the front and stand at the head.-J. Holmes Wilson, Carlisle Springs.

The Red Jacket made a good growth, is hardy in winter and does not mildew here.-M. Flood, Battle Creek, Iowa.

Red Jacket is a good grower and free from mildew. berries are very nice.-Geo. W. Blue, Indianapolis, Ind.

I have fruited the Red Jacket. It has been free from mildew. The fruit, comparing with Industry, is far superior both in flavor and productive-ness.-A. L. Wood, Rochester, N. Y.

The Red Jacket is a strong grower and holds its foliage. I have not ceased the fruit, as my boys got there ahead of me.-T. C. Austin, Suffield, Conn.

The Red Jacket has been free from mildew for two seasons, escaped the attacks of the currant worm when Downing and others were eaten up. This is probably owing to their thick, leathery leaves.-Parsons & Sons Co., Flushing; N. Y.

The Red Jacket is the best gooseberry I have ever tasted. It has fine flavor, thin skin, tremendous cropper, uniform in size.-J. Walter, Zanesville, Ohio.

Red Jacket with me is free from mildew. Has made a big growth with splendid berries.-J. H. Allmand, Anti Arbor, Mich.

I wish I had a thousand Red Jacket. It is healthy and clear of mildew. It is certainly the best gooseberry yet introduced.-A. A. Hall, Marshalltown, Iowa.

The Red Jacket has proved itself a great cropper. The fruit and fruit of gooseberries is to currants in cash about as three is to two. The Red Jacket has outgrown every other kind again this year.-E. B. Lewis, Lockport, N. Y.

I have fruited Red Jacket for two years and so far it has had no symptom of mildew and is in every respect No. 1.-G. A. Ivins, Iowa Falls, Iowa.

The Red Jacket foliage is perfect and so far entirely free from mildew. The fruit is fine and perfect in every particular.-Pierce Bechtie, Le Mars, Iowa.

I have the Red Jacket Gooseberry and find it very free from mildew and fruit first-class in all respects.—Edwin Whitney, Oswego, N. Y.

We can say we have a nice, vigorous plant in Red Jacket and we are pleased with it.—F. M. Emerson, Bloomington, Ill.

Our experience with Red Jacket has been limited to three berries on account of a hail-storm which knocked fruit and leaves off. Very pleasant flavor, good size and color and no mildew.—H. J. Weber & Son, Nursery P. O., Mo.

Am well pleased with growth and appearance of Red Jacket. It has been growing on my grounds two years entirely free from mildew, berries very nice.—J. A. Moyer, Findlay, Ohio.

The Red Jacket is an excellent bearer, fine fruit and free from mildew. Have not found a single currant worm on them.—William Hiesland, Palm Station, Pa.

The Red Jacket berries are delicious, much better to eat from the hand than either Downing or Smith's Improved and the bushes are free from mildew. It is a most promising variety.—Wm. B. Inman, Eaton, N. Y.

I can recommend Red Jacket as one of the best, large berries, free from mildew and vigorous growth, flavor good.—James McEwan, Glasgow Pa.

In regard to the Red Jacket Gooseberry, the fruit was very large, quality excellent and no sign of mildew. It is highly pleased with it, as I have not seen anything so good.—R. C. Anderson, Perrysville, Pa.

My experience with the Red Jacket is highly satisfactory. Have fruited it two years alongside Crow's Bob, Industry, Downing, Houghton and Smith's Improved. I consider it superior to either of them. Berry is large, of excellent quality, prolific bearer, free from mildew and A. 1. in every respect.—Freeman E. Hodge, Amesbury, Mass.

I find Red Jacket vigorous; no mildew. It is truly a rank grower. I have many varieties of gooseberries and think Red Jacket most promising.—Wm. H. Creager, Sumner, Iowa.

The Red Jacket you sent me in 1894 are fine and made a wonderful growth. They are free from mildew: the fruit is No. 1.—Charles B. Osborn, Vancouver, Wash.

The Red Jacket I got from you all grew finely. Fruit very nice and showed no signs of mildew.—Samuel Jacobs, Westminister, Ohio.

My Red Jacket have done finely. Have made a splendid growth and are entirely free from mildew. The fruit is all that can be desired.—William Baker, Sharon, Conn.

I have not found in my experience with the Red Jacket that it mildews in the least, and the quality of the fruit is as good, if not better, than any gooseberry I know of.—George B. Sawyer, Framingham, Mass.

A large number of excellent testimonials on this subject are omitted here for want of space.

**Prices of Red Jacket Plants,**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>By Mail Post Pd.</th>
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<th>Exp. or Freight</th>
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<tr>
<td>1 year, No. 1.</td>
<td>Each, 80.50</td>
<td>Per 10, 84.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 years, No 1.</td>
<td>&quot; .75</td>
<td>&quot; 6.00</td>
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**GEORGE S. JOSSELYN (Introducer),**

Fredonia, New York

Spraying with Sulphuret Potassium does not prevent mildew on Gooseberries containing English blood, at least that is our own and others experience during summer of 1894.
THE UNRIVALLED
RED JACKET GOOSEBERRY.

THE HIGHEST RECOMMENDED NEW FRUIT IN AMERICA.
Copyright 1893, by Geo. S. Joselyn.